

## Silver and Lead.

Silver, 85c per ounce.  
Copper, 12c per pound.  
Lead, A. S. & R. Co. price, \$3.50; New York exchange, \$4.50.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 5, 1870.

# THREATENING CALM PREVALES AT TELLURIDE

### Feeling Between Strikers and Mine Owners is Growing More Strained.

### Fear That There Will be Trouble When Attempt is Made to Drive Men From the Mines.

Denver, Colo., July 5.—A calm prevailed today over the scenes of Wednesday's trouble with the striking miners employed in the Smuggler-Union mine near Telluride, Colo. The latest information concerning the situation there came to Governor Orman this evening from Sheriff Dowling, and was contained in a telegram which read as follows:

"There has been no violence or property destroyed since the 3d. I do not think I can protect life and property in case of riot. It is usually done before one knows it."

Governor Orman was very much relieved by the receipt of the above message, for he feared that there might be an outbreak before his commission could arrive in Telluride and take the matters in hand.

Manager Collins' reply to the ultimatum of the strikers, in which he practically declined to accept the terms and intimated that it would be necessary to shut down the Smuggler-Union indefinitely if their demands were persisted in, was the most important development in the situation today.

The final demands of the miners and the refusal of the manager to accede to them, makes it appear useless for either side to further present its claims, and there appears to be no chance for an amicable settlement of the differences of the contending parties until the governor's commission takes a hand.

### Must Surrender Property.

This commission, unless it was delayed, arrived in Telluride late this afternoon, and it is expected that they will have no time in conferring with the representatives of the miners' union at Telluride. One thing they are instructed to demand is a surrender of the property now held by the strikers. If this is not done at once, the governor has instructed them to say to the strikers' representatives that possession will be secured for the owners of the property, even if it is necessary to call into the service the entire National Guard of the state.

The feeling between the strikers and the owners of the Smuggler-Union is very bitter, and it is feared that it will not be an easy matter to induce them to retire from the property. However, Governor Orman was particularly to select men in whom the labor element has confidence in making up his commission, and it may be that representations coming from men whom the strikers hold as their friends will induce them to retire and await an amicable settlement of their claims.

State Labor Commissioner James T. Smith, who has been investigating the conditions at the Smuggler-Union mine, returned to Denver today. He left Telluride before the outbreak occurred. Speaking of the situation, he said: "Of course the miners were wrong in firing and entering the mine. In fact, it might be called unjustifiable. But the management was equally wrong in striking without a strike vote. A strike would have been settled long ago if the company had shown a disposition to treat the employees fairly."

### Ultimatum is Delivered.

A special to the Post from Telluride says: The miners' union has just delivered its final ultimatum to the Smuggler-Union management. It is: "The miners' union demands that all men working on the mine for a longer period than ten days shall receive at least \$3 a day for the entire time employed. The secretary of the union must have the privilege of going upon

the ground as secretary, but not to interfere with the work during working hours; and further, that the company must, not discriminate against union men."

Manager Collins, for the company, sent back this reply: "On behalf of the Smuggler-Union Mining company, Mr. Collins regrets that he has to decline the above offer. The company is entirely willing that the secretary of the union may have the privilege of going upon its ground so long as he does not interfere with the workmen during working hours, as has always been the custom of the Smuggler-Union mines. The company will further undertake not to discriminate against union men, as they have never done in the past."

As it is entirely impossible to measure the work done at the end of ten days as the ground by that time is only partially stripped and none of the vein shot down at all.

"The company, however, has never had the slightest wish to lower the wages or increase the hours in San Miguel county, and will undertake that at the end of each month, when alone contracts can be squared and measured up, any contractor who has made less than \$2 per shift shall be paid off at the contract price and not re-employed in the same shop unless the price of the contract is raised."

### May Close the Mine Down.

Manager Collins told the citizens' committee who obtained the proposition and ultimatum that unless his terms were accepted forthwith his company would close the Smuggler-Union mine, throwing 350 men out of employment, and withdrew from the district.

The prosecuting attorney has adjourned the inquest over the bodies of the dead miners, fearing to arouse excitement. Miners are gathering in Telluride for the funeral of the union miner, John Barthel, this afternoon. It is thought 1,000 union men will follow Barthel's body to the grave.

George Nicholson, engineer at the mine, who was reported to have been killed in the fighting on Wednesday, is still alive and has a chance for recovery. He was shot in the head.

A special to the Times from Telluride says that an order has been received by George Collins, to close the mine, and that a meeting of mine managers is being held to discuss a proposition to close the mine. "These San Juan district in sympathy with the Smuggler-Union company."

### QUIET AT THE MINES.

### Commission Sent Out by Governor Orman Arrives at Telluride.

Denver, Colo., July 5.—The commission sent to Telluride, Colo., by Governor Orman to try and effect a settlement of the strike at the Smuggler-Union mine, arrived in Telluride this afternoon. The commission is composed of Governor Orman, James T. Smith, and two other men.

"Conditions here are quiet and seem favorable for a settlement. Conflicting claims are being investigated and there is absolutely no immediate danger to either life or property. We are just going to the scene of trouble at the mines with Manager Collins, and will send further information as speedily as possible."

Governor Orman left the state house about 11 o'clock for his home, and should any further communications be received from Telluride it is not likely that they will be given out tonight.

# GOVERNMENT IS TO INVESTIGATE LAND FRAUDS IN IDAHO AND MONTANA

New York, July 5.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: The department continues to reach the interior department indicating an extensive system of land frauds in the northwest. Thus, the revelation is confined almost wholly to Montana and Idaho, but interior department officials are inclined to believe, from the extent of the alleged frauds and the apparent system under which they have been perpetrated, that they are not confined to that area.

Only a few days ago Secretary Hitchcock was informed of the finding of 162 indictments by the federal grand jury at Helena against alleged land frauds in Montana. The grand jury in Montana, after a long session, returned a verdict of guilty in 162 cases, and the grand jury in Idaho has returned ninety indictments for the same offenses. The Montana cases grow out of the transaction by which United States Senator W. A. Clark has obtained possession of about 4,000 acres of the public domain and timber lands in that state. It appears that Senator Clark purchased this property outright from a group of men in Montana.

It is not known who is the central figure in the alleged frauds in Idaho.

### DAWES RESIGNS TO RUN FOR SENATE

Washington, July 5.—Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, has tendered his resignation to the president, to take effect Oct. 1 next. In answer to an inquiry, Mr. Dawes said: "I have resigned because I intend to be a candidate before the people of Illinois for the United States senate. I would not be proper for me during the next year to be a canvasser for the senate and at the same time administer to my own satisfaction the affairs of the office I now hold. I am indebted solely in this action by what seems to me the plain properties of the situation."

Mr. Dawes' term of office would not have expired until Jan. 1, 1903.

### Fatal Stage Runaway.

Tillamook, Ore., July 5.—Yesterday the four-horse team on the Tillamook & North Yamhill stage ran away on a down grade and the stage was overturned. The stage contained two passengers, R. M. Strowbridge of the Willamette valley and an arm broken. D. S. Strowbridge of Fresno, Cal., broke his arm and leg. The stage was instantly killed, his skull broken, fractured and his arms and legs broken. The brothers were coming here to visit relatives. Both were elderly men.

### NEARLY A MILLION FROM THE KLONDIKE

Seattle, Wash., July 5.—The steamship Dolphin arrived from Skagway today with eighty passengers and \$800,000 in gold. Of this, \$500,000 was consigned to the Canadian Bank of Commerce and \$300,000 was divided up between about twenty Klondike men. A large shipment of gold, the second of the season by St. Michael route, was shipped from Dawson on June 29. It is to be brought from St. Michael on the Roskoff. The consignment was company and bank treasure, about \$1,000,000 being owned by the North American Trading & Transportation company.

The Dolphin brings news of several drownings in the Yukon river. Al Rickstead and Dave Valentine were drowned by the overturning of a canoe a week ago last Sunday. Last Monday an unknown San Francisco man and Phil Jordan met death below Lake Leelanau. Their canoe upset during a severe storm. They were with several persons, but they could make no effort at rescue. They afterwards notified the mounted police and a search was instituted for the bodies without any success.

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH; SATURDAY, JULY 6 1901

## THE HOMECOMING OF J. PIERPONT.



MORGAN—"I'll Just Add These to My Collection."

# GREAT NORTHERN ROBBERS PRESIDENT AND HIS WIFE GOT \$41,500. LEAVE FOR CANTON.

### Nearly All the Money Was Consigned to Montana National Bank of Helena.

### Mrs. McKinley Thin and Pale, But Boarded Train Without Assistance.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—General Auditor D. I. Elliott of the Great Northern Express company said today that the exact amount of the loss by the hold-up at Wagner, Mont., on Monday last, was \$41,500. All but \$300 was currency sent from Washington to the Montana National Bank of Helena, the rest being Great Northern money in the through safe.

The consignment to the Montana bank consisted of bank notes printed in sheets of \$10 and \$20 bills. Only nine were signed by the president and cashier of the bank, but all could be readily passed without their signatures.

Mr. Elliott received information late today that the identity of the men who robbed the express safe has been established by the Great Northern. "These St. Paul. He did not care to give out their names until satisfied that the detectives had made no mistake. "If the Pinkertons are right, these men are experienced hands and have held up trains on other roads."

The report that the robbers had been surrounded, Mr. Elliott said, was not verified by information received by Great Northern officials. Their horses were chased by a posse of about fifty miles south of Malta, Mont. Officials of the express company believe that the men had fresh mounts and suppose they are being pursued by a posse of men in the Little Rocky mountains, a wild country well supplied with hiding places. The district will be guarded by a picket line, and the authorities hope to capture the men when they try to get out.

### ARE THE CURRY OUTLAWS.

### Sheriff's Posse Close on the Trail of the Bandits.

Havre, Mont., July 5.—The train robbers who held up a Great Northern flyer Wednesday afternoon east of St. Paul, Minn., are being pursued by a posse of thirty men and were unable to escape. The posse is led by Sheriff Griffith, who was on the train.

A cow puncher riding north from the Missouri river met the three bandits about seventy miles south of Malta. They asked the cow puncher to notify men following them that they were going south. The cow puncher had only gone about four miles when he met Sheriff Griffith with a posse of forty-five men, comprising the best gun men in western Montana. They were only about eight miles behind the robbers.

The posse is growing larger constantly, and their horses are being changed frequently. The cow puncher said the third man in the party had a bandage around his head. This was probably caused by one of two shots fired by Sheriff Griffith, who was on the train.

### TITLE OF EDWARD NOT LONG ENOUGH

New York, July 5.—Commenting upon Mr. Chamberlain's announcement in the house of commons that the title of King Edward will be changed, the London correspondent of the Tribune says: The king cannot well be made emperor of self-governing colonies, such as Canada and Australia. In circles generally well informed the impression prevailed that the words "Sovereign of Great Britain" will be added to the present ceremonial title, which is "Edward by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India."

Some people in England, however, believe that the addition will be a complete one, and that Canada, Australia and South Africa will be separately mentioned. The attitude of the opposition will depend on the character of the bill. If it should attempt to extend the title of emperor to any part of the king's dominions outside of India it will be stoutly opposed.

### Pensions Are Granted.

Washington, D. C., July 5.—Pensions granted: Utah, widows, Lucinda Chase, Park City, \$8. Increased: Edward J. Schnell, Soldier's Home, \$8. War with Spain: Original, James B. Creny, Grangeville, \$14.

Washington, July 5.—President and Mrs. McKinley left Washington tonight for their former home, Canton, O., where they are to spend the remainder of the heated term, except that the president may visit the Buffalo exposition and run into Washington for a few days. They are accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou, Dr. Rixey, several clerical attaches of the White House and servants. The party occupied the private cars Olympia and Hungary, the president and Mrs. McKinley being assigned to the former. The party is due to arrive in Canton tomorrow forenoon.

Mrs. McKinley, as she boarded the train, showed unmistakable signs of her recent illness in the thinness and pallor of her face, but she moved with alacrity from the carriage and boarded the train without any material assistance, and appeared to be in a contented and cheerful state of mind and quite at ease during the fifteen minutes preceding the departure of the train.

The weather is very sultry, but Dr. Rixey does not think it will have any serious effect on Mrs. McKinley, as the mountainous country, with its cool breezes, will be reached during the early evening.

Occasional visits at intervals of several weeks will be made by the president to the capital, to dispose of any accumulated business demanding his attention.

### PROMINENT NEW YORK WOMAN IS BAPTIZED INTO THE MORMON FAITH

New York, July 5.—In Jersey City and on the shore of New York bay, Miss Elizabeth Dickinson, a former secretary of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, of the Port Morris Congregational church, in the Bronx, has been baptized into the Mormon faith. Prior to the ceremony between thirty and forty Mormon missionaries and converts from New York and Brooklyn held a service of song, prayer and testimony. "The subject of polygamy was not mentioned. Most of those in attendance were women. Among the men were William J. Snow, president of the Brooklyn Mormon conference; John E. Baird, vice president

of the eastern states mission, and Elder Samuel Neff, who performed the baptismal ceremony.

In the service which preceded the ceremony, addresses were made by Elders Neff and D. C. Curtis and E. F. Cummings, the last named a business man of Salt Lake City.

Miss Dickinson was a bathing robe, which looked like white or cream colored nuns' veiling, encircled by silken cords. She wore white roses in her dark hair and a bunch of white flowers was fastened at the corsage.

The tide was not at flood and Elder Neff and the convert had to wade out some distance.

### HANNA IN THE BIG SOFT COAL TRUST

Cleveland, O., July 5.—Senator Hanna left here late this afternoon for New York. It is reported that he will attend a conference with J. Pierpont Morgan in the latter city, relative to the formation of the big soft coal combination.

### MUCH DAMAGE DONE BY A CLOUD BURST

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 5.—Western Michigan was visited by a destructive cloud burst early today and the resultant damage will amount to thousands of dollars. Both the Pere Marquette and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads are crippled north of here.

Dams in the Flat and Rouge rivers have been washed out and many mills along the streams will be idle for days. The Grand river rose three feet and six inches in four hours this morning and is still rising rapidly. Great damage was done to fruit trees and growing crops in the peach belt.

### CARNEGIE GIVES TO SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco, July 5.—Mayor Phelan is in receipt of a letter from Andrew Carnegie offering to give \$750,000 to the city of San Francisco for a library building, providing the city furnishes a suitable site and appropriates \$75,000 a year for maintenance.

It may be, should the offer be accepted, that a number of branch libraries will be constructed in addition to a main building.

Washington, July 5.—The tenth day of the present heated term was again a scorcher, except where severe thunderstorms, local rains and violent atmospheric changes induced cool weather. In Arkansas, the east gulf states, northern Ohio and New York, thunderstorms brought relief. In southeastern New England, also, cooler weather prevailed, the temperature falling from six to ten degrees.

Tonight the weather bureau officials say the only prospect for relief from the heat lies in the occurrence of storms. There is no promise, they say, of general thunderstorms sufficient to make a considerable fall in the temperature. Local thunderstorms will give temporary local relief, but weather bureau officials say permanent relief will not come until heavy storms or local rains prevail.

In Chicago a promise of a short respite from the heat is given. New York today had a two-inch downpour of rain which sent the thermometer down to 78. East of the Allegheny mountains the temperature fell generally a few degrees over the highest of yesterday, and in portions of the southwest it warmed up, also, in Arkansas and Oklahoma, maximum temperatures of over 100 being recorded.

Washington was the warmest place east of the Alleghenies today, the maximum temperature recorded being 95. There was not much humidity, but the air was lively, and the day was very trying. General John W. Darr, formerly of Fort Scott, Kan., who served on the staff of General Garfield during the civil war, is critically ill from heat prostration.

### RAIN COOLS THE AIR IN SWELTERING NEW YORK.

New York, July 5.—A severe thunderstorm swept over this city this afternoon and brought with it comfort to millions of heat-stricken New Yorkers. The temperature fell fifteen degrees in less than two hours and over two inches of rain fell. Lightning struck several buildings, but no serious damage was done.

Fort George afforded a fine sweep for the storm this afternoon and many of the buildings there were leveled to the ground or so badly damaged that they will have to be rebuilt. The total damage is estimated at \$50,000.

Seven deaths and twelve prostrations occurred in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx. At 2 a. m. Friday and 1:30 a. m. Saturday from the heat. One death and five prostrations occurred in the borough of Brooklyn during the same hours.

### COOL BREEZES GIVE RELIEF AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 5.—Cool breezes from the northwest this evening broke the term of hot weather, but before they came nine persons had died, seven more were prostrated, and one man attempted suicide.

The maximum temperature of the day was in the weather bureau office, 90 degrees, on the street level, 85. The wind blew hard all day, shifting from the southwest to the northwest, but at sunset it settled in the latter point and the fall of the mercury was steady until 76 was reported.

"Not so warm," is promised for Saturday and Sunday.

### ABOUT A DOZEN DIED IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, July 5.—Deaths and prostrations today, about a dozen fatalities and nearly three times that many prostrated. Although the maximum temperature was lower today than for a week past, the day was uncomfortable. The percentage of humidity was quite high throughout the day, and tonight the atmosphere is uncomfortably close.

The maximum temperature today was reported at 1 p. m. when 91 degrees was reported. It hovered around 90 the entire afternoon and at 8 p. m. it was standing at 88 degrees. The humidity tonight was 64 per cent.

### DEATHS ARE REPORTED IN MANY PLACES.

Davenport, Ia., July 5.—There were two deaths here today from the extreme heat.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—Last night the entire northwest was soaked by a heavy rain. Excessive rains will injure crops and farmers now hope for hot dry weather.

Cleveland, O., July 5.—The total precipitation of rain in this city during the night was 1.54 inches. Nearly every street car line was tied up as the result of prostrated trolley wires and washouts. Hundreds of telephones were burned out by lightning. The government thermometer early today registered 75 degrees.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—The thermometer recorded the maximum, 97, at 1 o'clock. At 2 o'clock it showed a drop of 1 degree, and the weather bureau officials predict rain and a cool spell before night.

Baltimore, Md., July 5.—At 8 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 84 degrees, and the mercury kept on ascending until the maximum temperature of 94 degrees was reached at 4 p. m. At 8 o'clock tonight it had fallen but 5 degrees. Thirteen deaths and eleven prostrations had been reported to the police during the twenty-four hours ended at midnight.

Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—Although the atmosphere seemed hot and sultry, the sun shone brightly this morning. The morning registered only 82 degrees at 8 o'clock. Only two prostrations, one fatal, were reported yesterday and last night. This was the first death from heat in Kansas City this year.

## Weather Today.

Forecast for Salt Lake Today  
Fair and warmer.

NUMBER 32

# RELIEF FROM THE HEAT PROMISED

### Hot Wave Broken in New York and Chicago.

### BUT FEW DEATHS OCCURRED YESTERDAY

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Some of the maximum temperatures reported to the weather bureau include the following: New York, 90; Philadelphia, 90; Chicago, 90; Cincinnati, 90; St. Louis, 100; Kansas City, 90; Platt, Neb., 94; Dodge City, Kan., 96; Oklahoma City, 102.

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